



<b>Quality</b>	<b>X105CrMo17</b>			<b>Martensitic Stainless Steel</b>	<i>Technical card 2018</i>
Number	<b>1.4125</b>				<i>Lucefin Group</i>

**Chemical composition**

C%	Si% max	Mn% max	P% max	S% a) max	Cr%	Mo%	
0,95-1,20	1,00	1,00	0,040	0,030	16,0-18,0	0,40-0,80	EN 10088-3: 2014
± 0,03	+ 0,05	+ 0,03	+ 0,005	± 0,005	± 0,2	± 0,05	

Product deviations are allowed

a) for improving machinability, it is allowed a controlled sulphur content of 0,015 % - 0,030 %; for polishability, it is suggested a controlled sulphur content of max 0,015 %

**Temperature °C**

Melting range	Hot-forming	Full annealing	Soft annealing +A	MMA welding – AWS electrodes pre-heating annealing after w. Difficult; address qualified electrodes producers		
1440-1410	1100-930	900-845 furnace cooling to 590 after air	840-780 air (HB max 285)			
<b>Isothermal annealing +I</b>	<b>Quenching +Q</b>	<b>Tempering +T</b>	<b>Stress-relieving +SR</b>	joint with steel carbon	CrMo alloyed	stainless E309 E309 E309 – E308 cosmetic welding E309 special
900-840 cooling 30 °C/h to 690, then air (HB 243-253)	1050-1000 air / oil / polymer (HRC 60)	425-180 air	300-100 air			

**Subcritical annealing** 770-730 °C air coolingTransformation temperature during heating **Ac1** ~ 780, **Ac3** ~ 835 and during cooling **Ms** ~ 180, **Mf** ~ 30Chemical treatment • **Pickling** (15 - 25% HNO<sub>3</sub>) + (1 - 8% HF) hot.**Mechanical properties**

Heat-treated material EN 10088-3: 2014 in conditions 1C, 1E, 1D, 1X, 1G, 2D

size	Testing at room temperature					a) for information only
mm	R	Rp 0,2	A%	Kv <sub>2</sub> +20 °C	HBW a)	
from to	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	min	J min	max	
100	-	-	-	-	285	+A annealed material

Bars, typical values according to UNS S44004 steel 440C

size	Testing at room temperature					R N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	Rp 0,2 N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	A% min	Z% min	HB max
mm	R	Rp 0,2	A%	Z%	HB					
from to	N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	min	min	max					
758	448	14	25	269	862	689	7	20	285	+A+C cold-drawn

+A hot-rolled annealed

**Forged** (ASTM A 473-99 steel ASTM 440C)

size	Testing at room temperature					R N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	Rp 0,2 N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	A% min	Z% min	HB a) max
mm	R	Rp 0,2	A%	Z%	Kv +20 °C					
from to	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	N/mm <sup>2</sup> min	min	min	J min					
-	-	-	-	-	-	269	615	7	20	+A annealed material

a) for information only

**Table of tempering values** at room temperature on rounds of Ø 16 mm after quenching at 1020 °C in oil

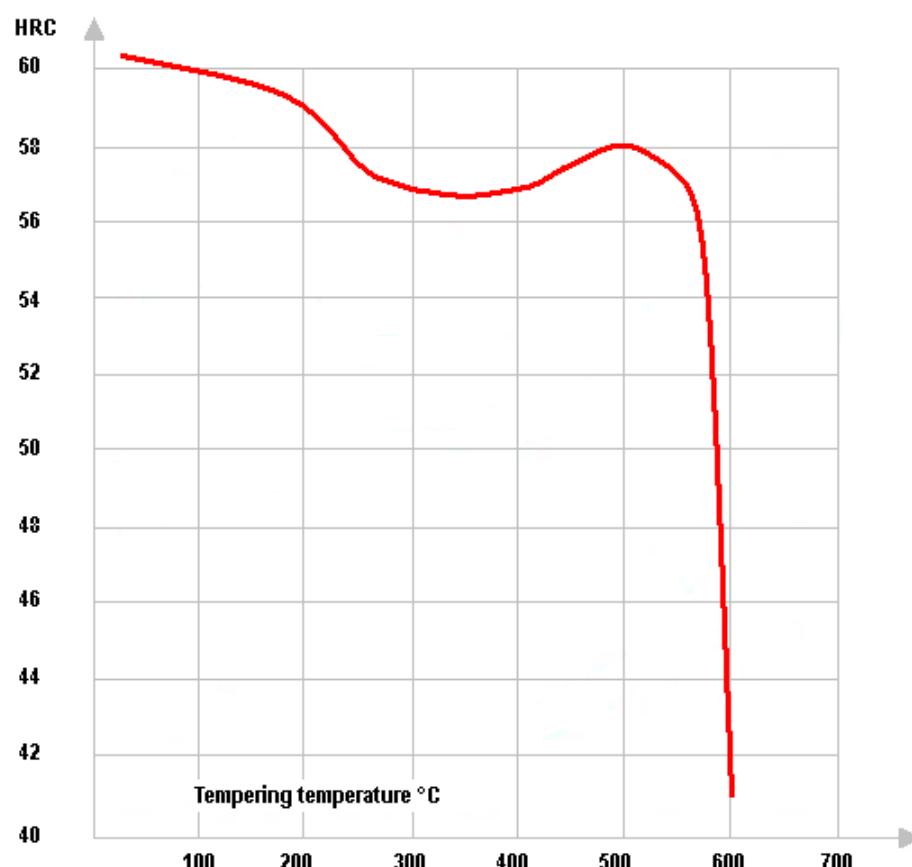
<b>HB</b>	654	634	595	595	595	615	615	432	381
<b>HRC</b>	60	59	57	57	57	58	58	46	41
Tempering °C	100	200	300	350	400	450	500	550	600

<b>Thermal expansion</b>	$10^{-6} \cdot K^{-1}$	►	10.4	10.8	11.2	11.6	12.0
<b>Modulus of elasticity</b>	longitudinal	GPa	215	212	205	200	190
<b>Poisson number</b>	$\nu$		0,283				
<b>Electrical resistivity</b>	$\Omega \cdot mm^2/m$		0.80				
<b>Electrical conductivity</b>	Siemens $\cdot m/mm^2$		1.25				
<b>Specific heat</b>	J/(Kg $\cdot K$ )		430				
<b>Density</b>	Kg/dm $^3$		7.70				
<b>Thermal conductivity</b>	W/(m $\cdot K$ )		15				
<b>Relative magnetic permeability</b>	$\mu_r$		700-1000 ~				
<b>°C</b>	20	100	200	300	400	500	

The symbol ► indicates temperature between 20 °C and 100 °C, 20 °C and 200 °C .....

<b>Corrosion resistance</b>	Atmospheric	Chemical	x steam, petroleum, ammonia, gasoline, alcohol, foods				
Fresh water	industrial marine	medium oxidizing reducing					
x							
<b>Magnetic</b>	yes						
<b>Machinability</b>	difficult						
<b>Hardening</b>	by quenching						
<b>Service temperature in air</b>	Resistance to oxidation up to 700 °C						
<b>Europe</b>	<b>USA</b>	<b>USA</b>	<b>China</b>	<b>Russia</b>	<b>Japan</b>	<b>India</b>	<b>Republic of Korea</b>
EN	UNS	ASTM	GB	GOST	JIS	IS	KS
X105CrMo17	S44004	440C	108Cr17	95Ch18	SUS 440C	(X108Cr17Mo)	STS 440C

#### Tempering diagram



Hardness values at various tempering temperatures after quenching at 1020 °C in oil